

Immunization Schedule

Birth: Hepatitis B

2 Months:

- Pediarix (Dtap, Hepatitis B, Polio).
- Pedvax HIB
- Prevnar 20 (Pneumococcal)
- Rotarix (oral vaccination against rotavirus)

4 Months:

- Pediarix (Dtap, Hepatitis B, Polio)
- Pedvax HIB
- Prevnar 20 (Pneumococcal)
- Rotarix (oral vaccination against rotavirus)

6 Months:

- Pediarix (Dtap, Hepatitis B, Polio)
- Prevnar 20 (Pneumococcal)

12 Months:

- MMR (measles, mumps, rubella)
- Varicella (chickenpox)
- Hepatitis A

15 Months:

- Prevnar 20 (Pneumococcal)
- Pedvax HIB

18 Months:

- Hepatitis A
- Dtap

24 Months:

- No scheduled vaccines/catch up

4 Years:

- Proquad (MMR and varicella)
- Kinrix (Dtap and Polio)

11 Years:

- Tdap
- Menquadfi (Meningococcal ACYW)
- *Gardasil 9 (HPV)

16 Years:

- Menquadfi (Meningococcal ACYW)
- *Bexsero (Meningococcal B)

Highly Recommended Vaccines

*- **Gardasil 9 (HPV):** Adolescents and teens starting the series before 15 years old only need 2 doses separated by 6 months. Otherwise, it is a 3-dose series.

***Bexsero:** Bexsero is a 2-dose vaccine separated by 6 months. Please be sure to schedule an appointment for the 2nd dose.

Flu Vaccine

Starting at 6 months of age children should begin receiving an annual flu vaccine. If they are receiving a flu vaccine for the first time under the age of 8 years, they will need a 2nd dose separated by 30 days.

RSV <8 months- 1 Dose

Please refer to the provided Vaccines Information Statements (VIS) for additional information regarding specific vaccines and vaccine preventable illnesses. VIS statement can also be found on the CDC website: www.cdc.gov